

Experiencing MSP in a thematic network of Islands, Coastal and Marine MAB Biosphere Reserves in Europe

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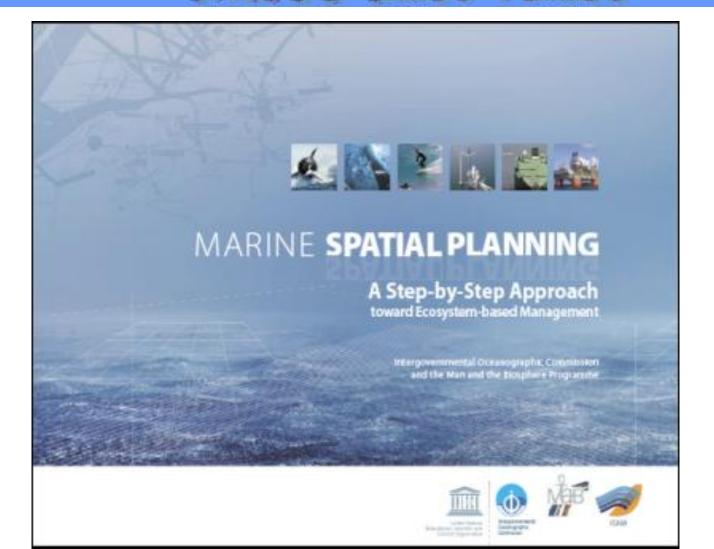
- 1. The MSP concept
- 2. The BR model
- 3. A dedicated thematic network





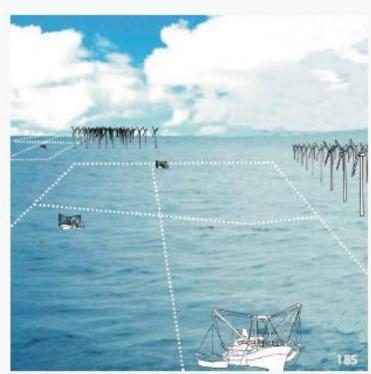


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WHAT IS ECOSYSTEM-BASED MARINE SPATIAL MANAGEMENT?



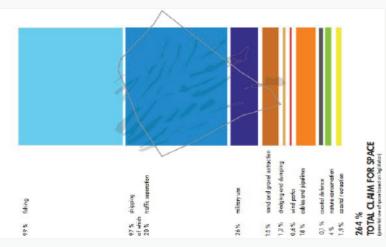
The process of analyzing and allocating parts of three-dimensional marine spaces (ecosystems) to specific uses, to achieve ecological, economic, and social objectives that are usually specified through a political process.

Visions for A Sea Change UNESCO, 2007

Maes et al., 2005. A Flood of Space



WHY IS MARINE SPATIAL MANAGEMENT NEEDED?

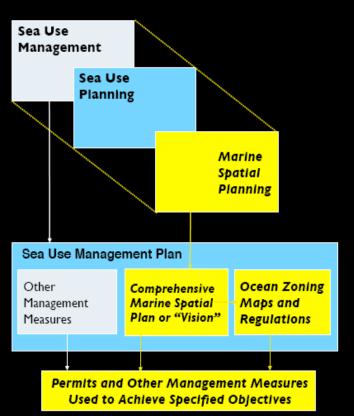


Maes et al., 2005. A Flood of Space

- Rise of new offshore activities (e.g., wind energy, wave energy, aquaculture)
- Expansion of existing offshore activities (e.g., maritime transport, resource extraction)
- Increasing demand for space = conflicts & compatibilities
- Need to find space for nature (e.g., marine protected areas, area closures)



What Are the Outputs of Integrated Marine Spatial Management?



- "Marine spatial planning" is a sub-activity of the planning element of sea use management
- The principal output of marine spatial planning is a comprehensive marine spatial plan for a marine area or ecosystem (a vision of the future), analogous to a comprehensive plan for a terrestrial area or ecosystem
- The comprehensive marine spatial plan is usually implemented through zoning map(s), regulations, and a permitting system
- Individual permit decisions can then be based on the zoning maps and the marine plan





What Are We Doing?

- Documenting good MSM practice around the world
- Developing guidelines for marine managers to implement ecosystem-based marine spatial management
- Testing the guidelines in two marine places
- Developing a practitioner-focused MSM website for outreach to the international community
- Organizing an international community of MSM experts



C/4 – C/5: Leveraging scientific knowledge for the management and sustainable use of natural resources, with special emphasis on fresh water and oceans + Contributing to disaster preparedness and mitigation



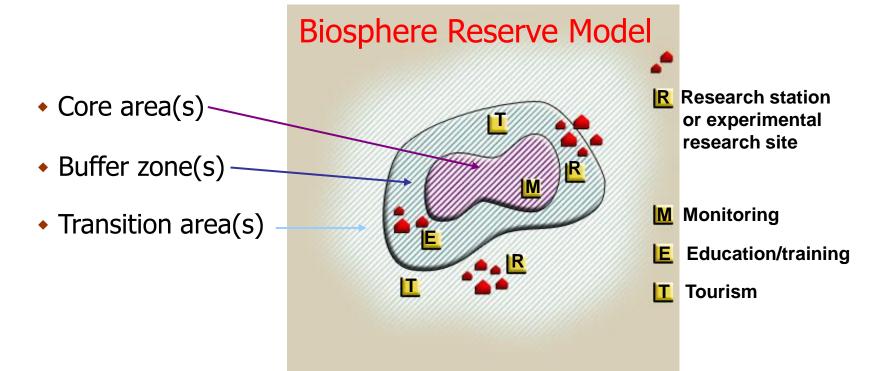
MAB - Environmental Protection and Sustainable Development – Focus on Local Territorial Systems



The MADRID ACTION PLAN



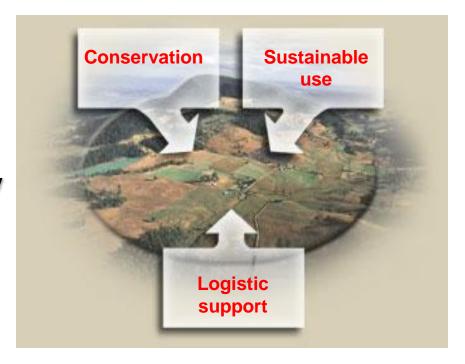








- Conservation in situ of natural and semi-natural ecosystems / landscapes
- ☑ Demonstration areas for ecologically and socio-culturally sustainable use;
- Logistic support for research, monitoring, education, training and information exchange







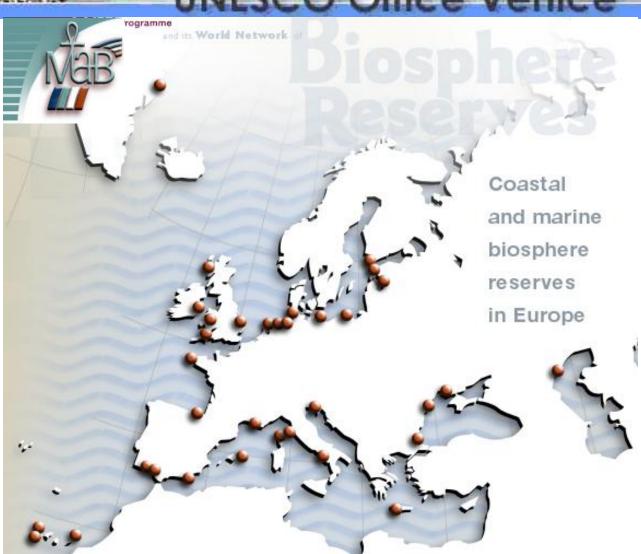
- There is a need to work at 3 different and well articulated levels:
 - LOCAL: Feasibility of Sustainable Development (demonstration that the "model" works);
 - NATIONAL: Connection to Physical/Marine Planning and SD Policies;
 - INTERNATIONAL: Promotion of the model (Guidelines, contribution to Legal Instruments).





- ☑ We have therefore 3 different targets:
 - LOCAL POPULATION/STAKEHOLDERS: Benefits of Sustainable Development;
 - RESEARCHERS/NETWORKS: Uniqueness of a territorial/marine experimental network;
 - POLICY MAKERS: The ultimate impact we look for is outside the BR network (influencing/inspiring policies and plans).







THE DANUBE DELTA





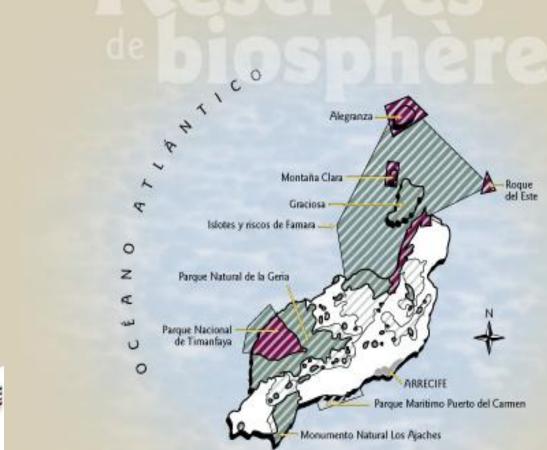




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mme MAB

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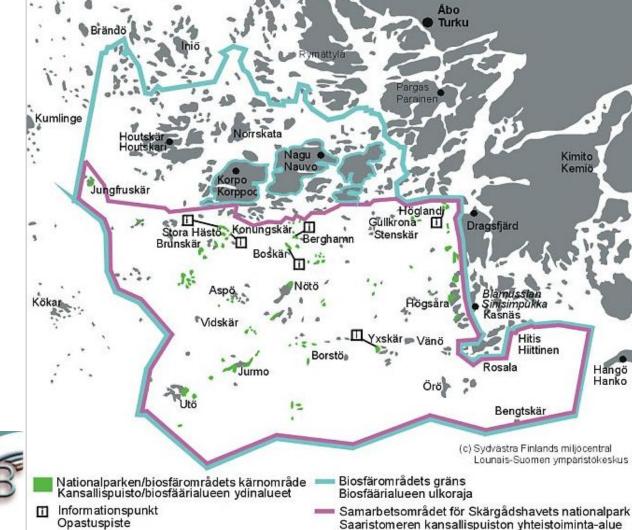






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EXPERIENCING MSP IN A THEMATIC NETWORK

- Some suggestions:
 - Select a set of coastal/marine MAB BRs with complementary environmental/development issues;
 - O Associate Planning Institutions and experts;
 - O Be politically relevant (EU Marine Strategy Framework Directive (2008/56/CE), Adriatic Sea Initiative, MAP);
 - Links with the Master Course: internships at BRs...